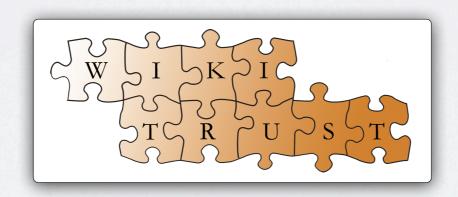
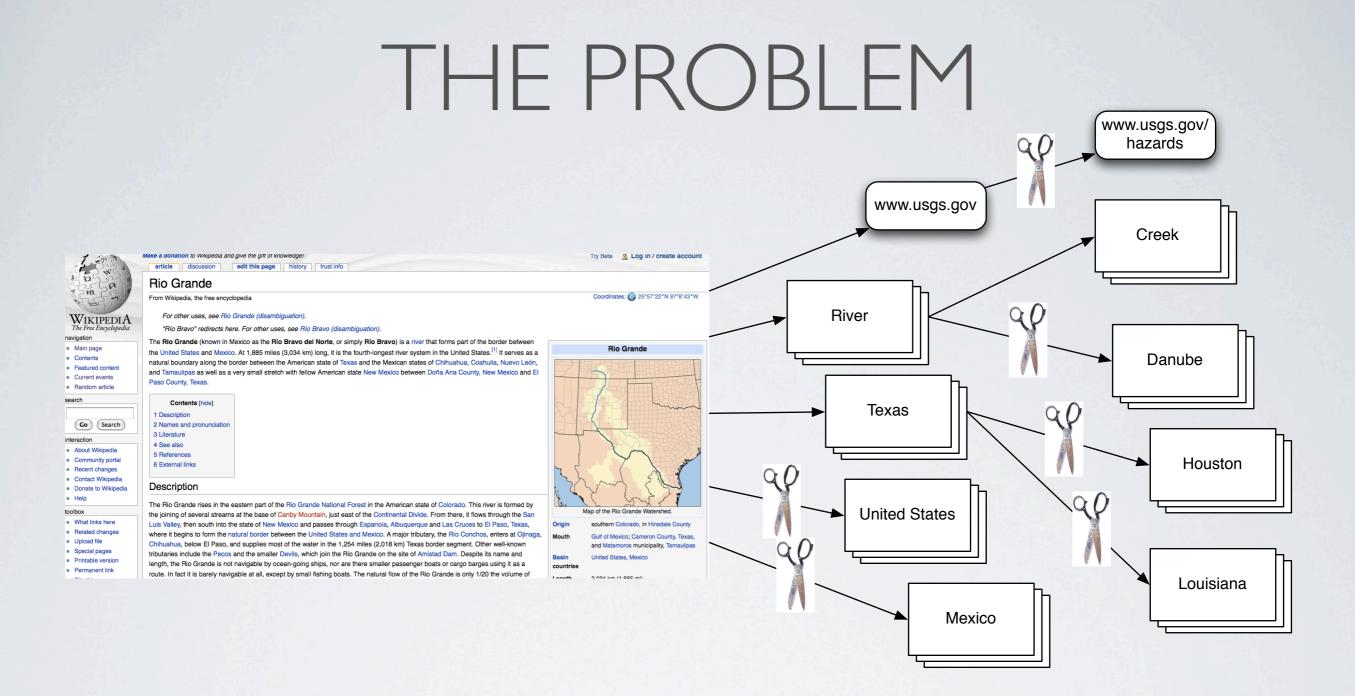
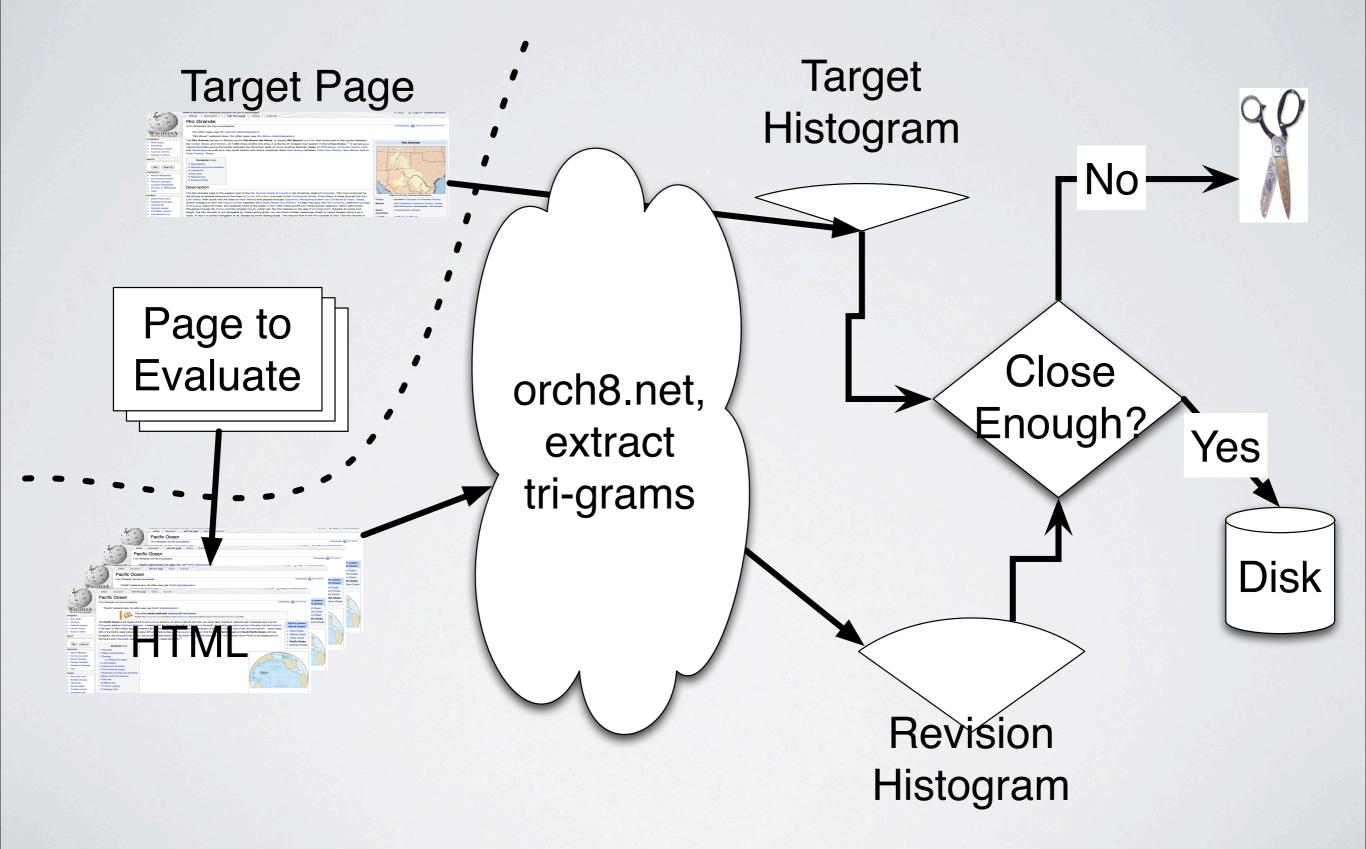
SCRAWL: A SEMANTIC CRAWLER FOR THE WIKIPEDIA AND BEYOND

lan Pye, Luca de Alfaro Shelly Spearing, Jorge Roman

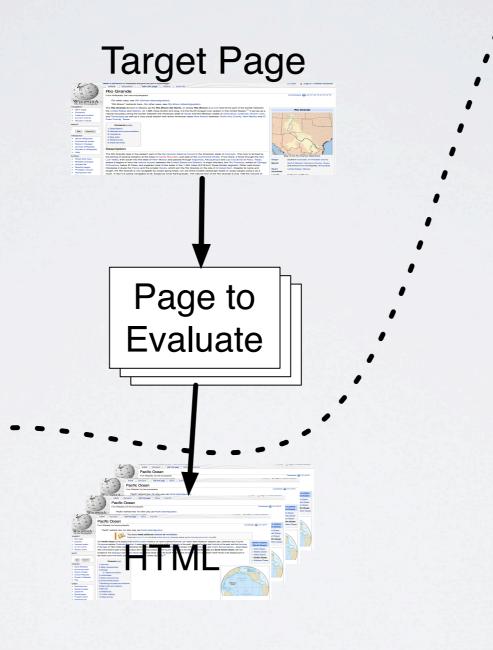




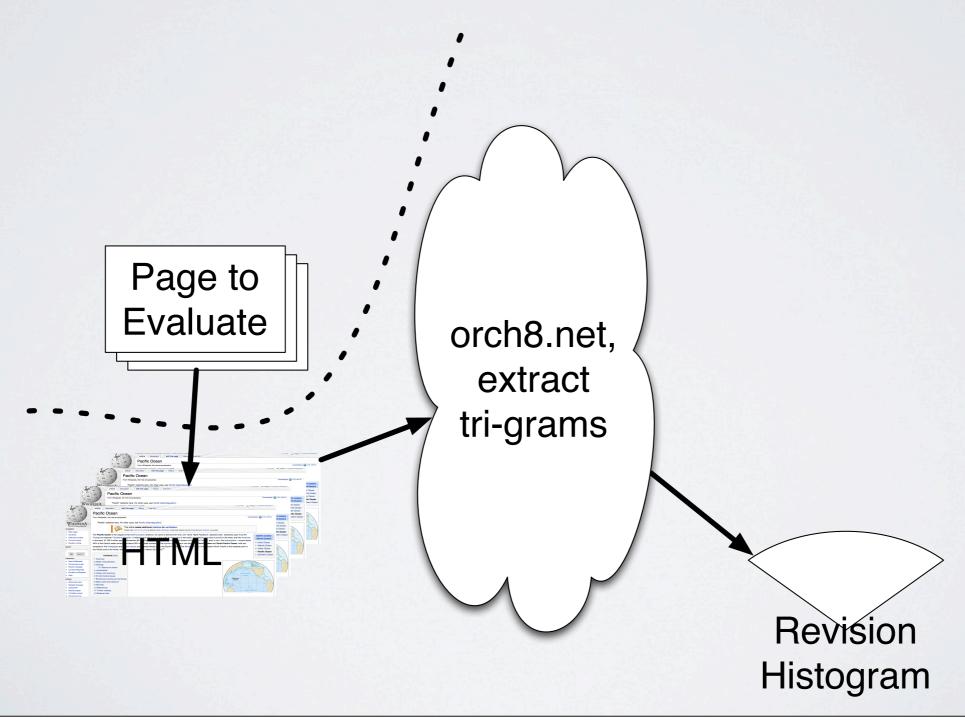
The Wikipedia is too big! We just want to look at the (potentially) interesting parts.



1) Download and Render to HTML

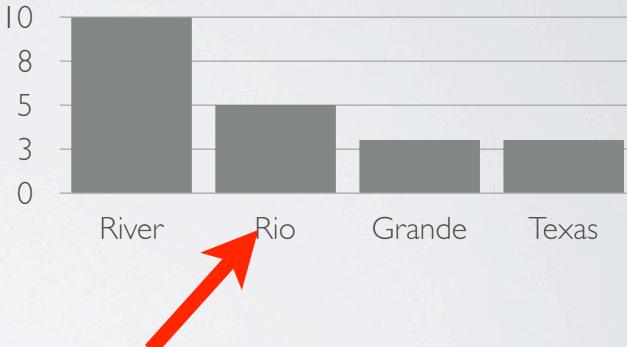


- 1) Download and Render to HTML
- 2) From HTML to Semantic Digest



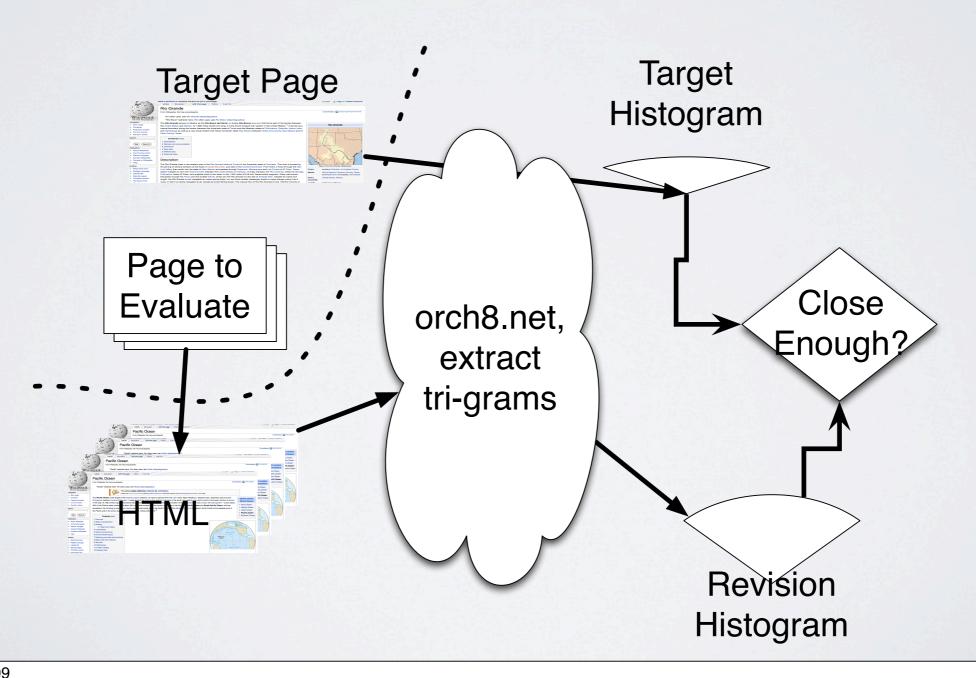
- 1) Download and Render to HTML
- 2) From HTML to Semantic Digest





Rio Grande River Texas State River Big Bend Park

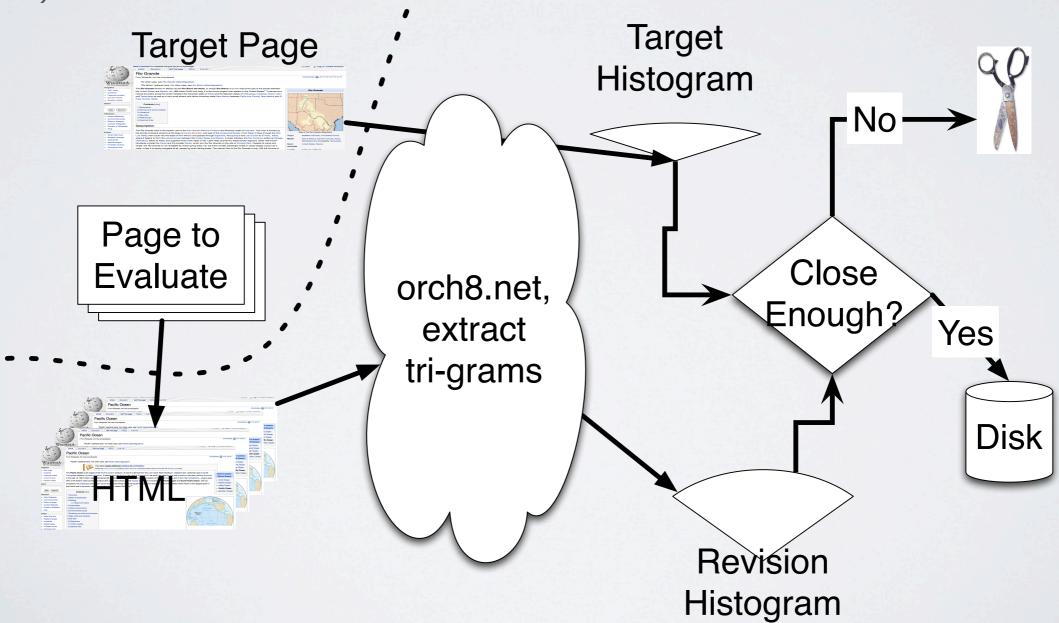
- 1) Download and Render to HTML
- 2) From HTML to Semantic Digest
- 3) Euclidian Distance from the Target



- 1) Download and Render to HTML
- 2) From HTML to Semantic Digest
- 3) Euclidian Distance from the Target

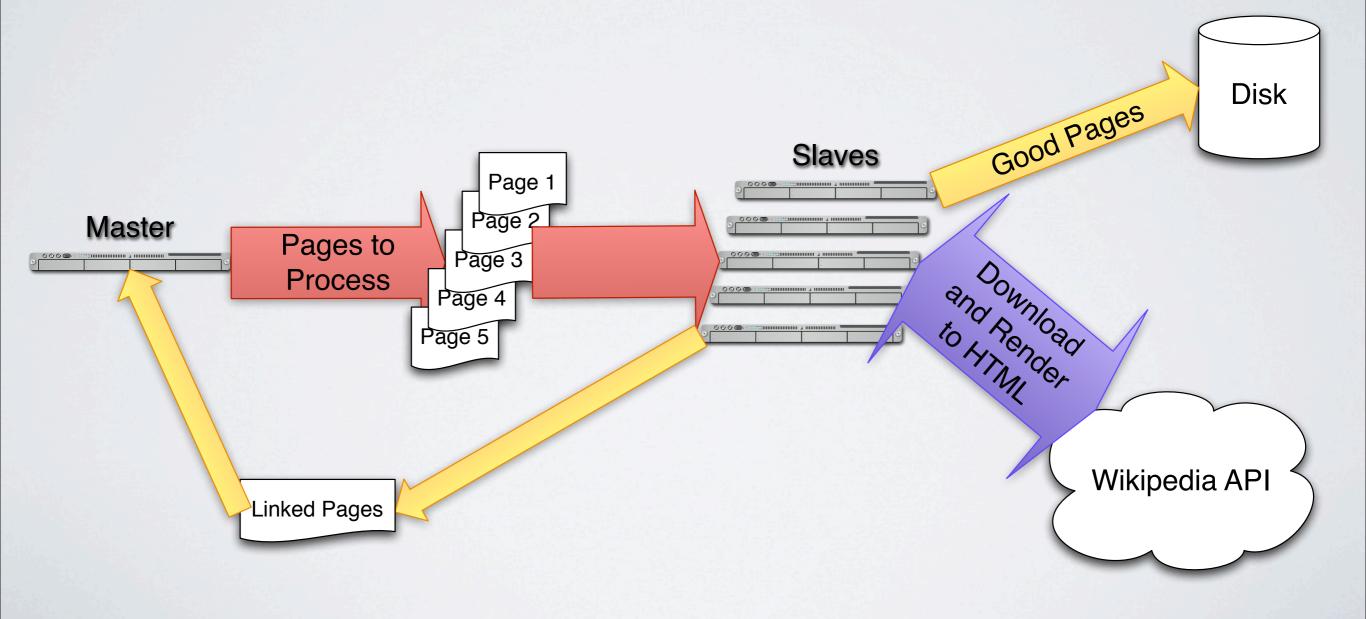


- 1) Download and Render to HTML
- 2) From HTML to Semantic Digest
- 3) Euclidian Distance from the Target
- 4) Extract Links and Recurse If Distance < Max



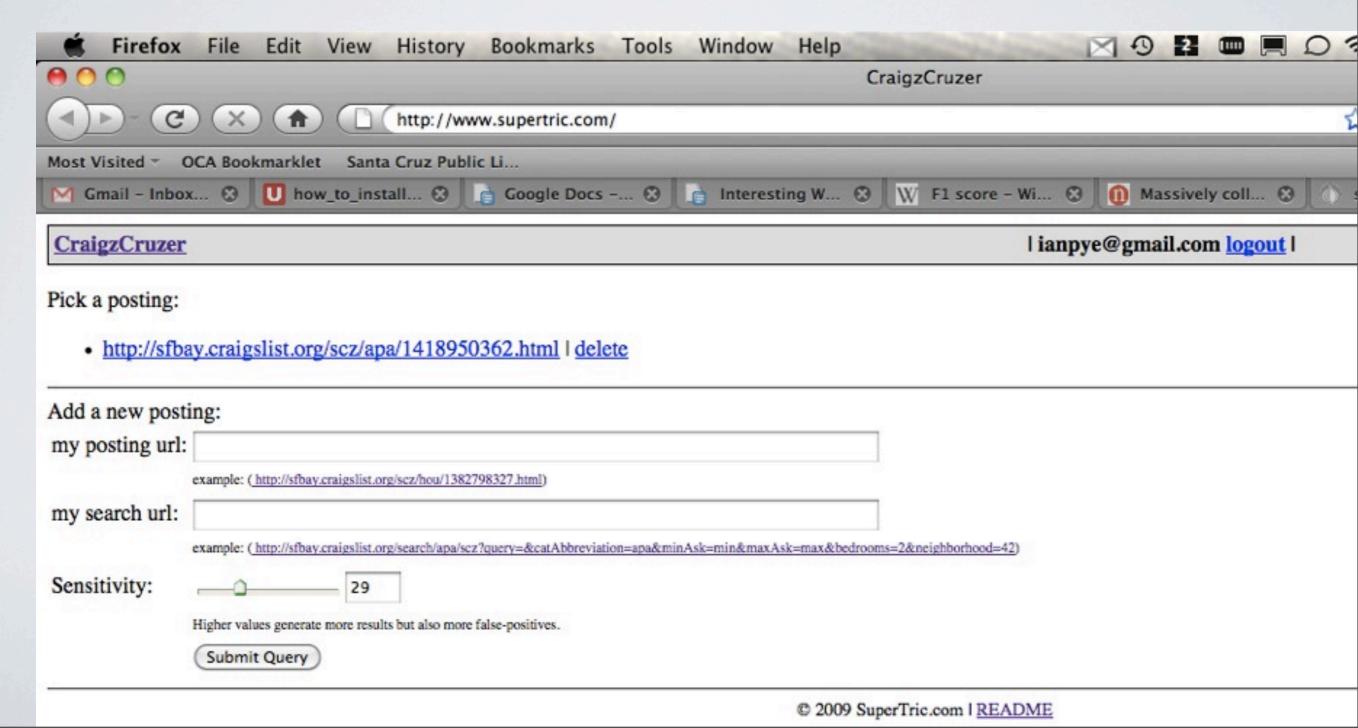
DOTHIS IN PARALLEL

OpenMPI allows us to run in a pagewise parallel fashion on a cluster.



TESTING PLATFORM:

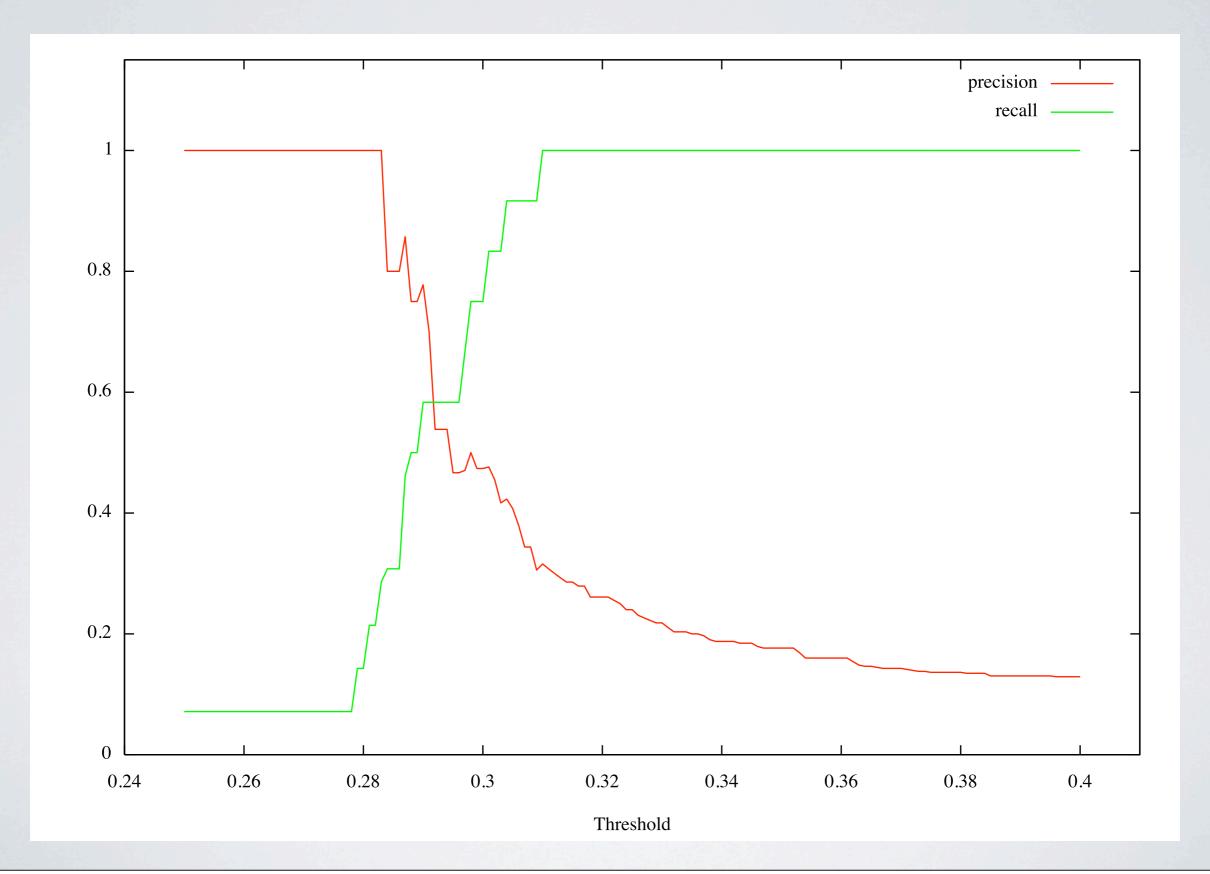
CRAIGZCRUZER WWW.SUPERTRIC.COM



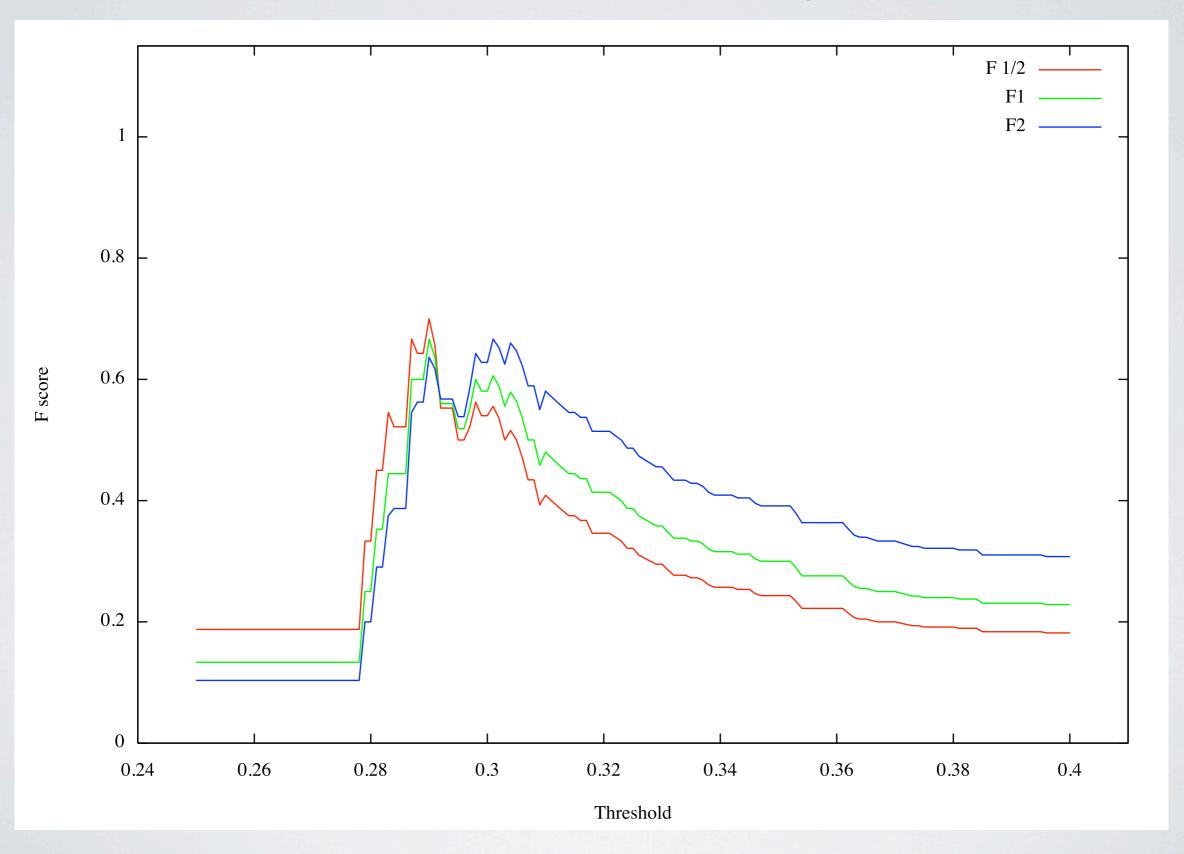
HOW ACCURATE IS IT? METRICS (OR, A SHORT DIGRESSION INTO IR)

- Precision: the ratio of true positives to false positives
- Recall: the ratio of found positives to all positives
- F_B: How much to weight recall vs precision?

RESULTS: PRECISION AND RECALL



RESULTS: FB



CONCLUSIONS

- SCrawl is a tool to extract what text MIGHT be interesting.
- Works though semantic meaning.
- Achieve high recall without sacrificing too much precision.
- Parallel processing for large datasets.